Representative Ann W. Hardy proposes the following substitute bill:

1	LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACQUISITION OF
2	REAL PROPERTY
3	2005 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Sponsor: Ann W. Hardy
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7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions of the Utah Municipal Code and the Interlocal
10	Cooperation Act related to the acquisition of property by certain local government
11	entities.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	 authorizes municipalities and interlocal entities to acquire by eminent domain land
15	and structures located outside the municipality or interlocal entity;
16	 requires municipalities and interlocal entities that acquire by eminent domain land
17	or structures located outside their boundaries to provide property rights ombudsman
18	materials on eminent domain to the property owner; and
19	 enacts legislative intent language.
20	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
21	None
22	Other Special Clauses:
23	None
24	Utah Code Sections Affected:
25	AMENDS:



	10-8-2, as last amended by Chapter 99, Laws of Utah 2004
	11-13-204 , as last amended by Chapter 21, Laws of Utah 2003
	Uncodified Material Affected:
	ENACTS UNCODIFIED MATERIAL
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 10-8-2 is amended to read:
	10-8-2. Appropriations Acquisition and disposal of property Corporate
	purpose Procedure Notice of intent to acquire real property.
	(1) (a) A municipal legislative body may:
	[(a)] <u>(i)</u> appropriate money for corporate purposes only;
	[(b)] (ii) provide for payment of debts and expenses of the corporation;
	[(c)] (iii) subject to Subsections (4) and (5), purchase, receive, hold, sell, lease, convey,
	and dispose of real and personal property for the benefit of the municipality, whether the
Ī	property is within or without the municipality's corporate boundaries;
	[(d)] (iv) improve, protect, and do any other thing in relation to this property that an
	individual could do; [and]
	[(e)] (v) subject to Subsection (2) and after first holding a public hearing, authorize
1	municipal services or other nonmonetary assistance to be provided to or waive fees required to
	be paid by a nonprofit entity, whether or not the municipality receives consideration in
	return[-]; and
	(vi) subject to Subsection (6), acquire by eminent domain, as provided in Title 78,
	Chapter 34, Eminent Domain, land and structures located outside the municipality.
	(b) Subsection (1)(a)(vi) may not be construed to diminish any other authority a
	municipality may claim to have under the law to acquire by eminent domain property located
	inside or outside the municipality.
	(2) Services or assistance provided pursuant to Subsection $(1)[\frac{(e)}{(a)(v)}]$ is not subject
	to the provisions of Subsection (3). The total amount of services or other nonmonetary
	assistance provided or fees waived under Subsection $(1)[\underbrace{(e)}](\underline{a})(\underline{v})$ in any given fiscal year may
	not exceed 1% of the municipality's budget for that fiscal year.
	(3) It is considered a corporate purpose to appropriate money for any purpose that, in

- the judgment of the municipal legislative body, provides for the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants of the municipality subject to the following:
 - (a) The net value received for any money appropriated shall be measured on a project-by-project basis over the life of the project.
 - (b) The criteria for a determination under this Subsection (3) shall be established by the municipality's legislative body. A determination of value received, made by the municipality's legislative body, shall be presumed valid unless it can be shown that the determination was arbitrary, capricious, or illegal.
 - (c) The municipality may consider intangible benefits received by the municipality in determining net value received.
 - (d) Prior to the municipal legislative body making any decision to appropriate any funds for a corporate purpose under this section, a public hearing shall be held. Notice of the hearing shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation at least 14 days prior to the date of the hearing, or, if there is no newspaper of general circulation, by posting notice in at least three conspicuous places within the municipality for the same time period.
 - (e) A study shall be performed before notice of the public hearing is given and shall be made available at the municipality for review by interested parties at least 14 days immediately prior to the public hearing, setting forth an analysis and demonstrating the purpose for the appropriation. In making the study, the following factors shall be considered:
 - (i) what identified benefit the municipality will receive in return for any money or resources appropriated;
 - (ii) the municipality's purpose for the appropriation, including an analysis of the way the appropriation will be used to enhance the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants of the municipality; and
 - (iii) whether the appropriation is necessary and appropriate to accomplish the reasonable goals and objectives of the municipality in the area of economic development, job creation, affordable housing, blight elimination, job preservation, the preservation of historic structures and property, and any other public purpose.
 - (f) An appeal may be taken from a final decision of the municipal legislative body, to make an appropriation. The appeal shall be filed within 30 days after the date of that decision,

- 88 to the district court. Any appeal shall be based on the record of the proceedings before the 89 legislative body. A decision of the municipal legislative body shall be presumed to be valid 90 unless the appealing party shows that the decision was arbitrary, capricious, or illegal. 91 (g) The provisions of this Subsection (3) apply only to those appropriations made after 92 May 6, 2002. 93 (h) This section shall only apply to appropriations not otherwise approved pursuant to 94 Title 10, Chapter 5, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Towns, or Title 10, Chapter 6, 95 Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Cities. 96 (4) (a) Before a municipality may dispose of a significant parcel of real property, the 97 municipality shall: 98 (i) provide reasonable notice of the proposed disposition at least 14 days before the 99 opportunity for public comment under Subsection (4)(a)(ii); and 100 (ii) allow an opportunity for public comment on the proposed disposition. 101 (b) Each municipality shall, by ordinance, define what constitutes: 102 (i) a significant parcel of real property for purposes of Subsection (4)(a); and 103 (ii) reasonable notice for purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(i). 104 (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(d), each municipality intending to acquire 105 real property for the purpose of expanding the municipality's infrastructure or other facilities 106 used for providing services that the municipality offers or intends to offer shall provide written 107 notice, as provided in this Subsection (5), of its intent to acquire the property if: 108 (i) the property is located: 109 (A) outside the boundaries of the municipality; and 110 (B) in a county of the first or second class; and 111 (ii) the intended use of the property is contrary to: 112 (A) the anticipated use of the property under the general plan of the county in whose 113 unincorporated area or the municipality in whose boundaries the property is located; or 114 (B) the property's current zoning designation. 115 (b) Each notice under Subsection (5)(a) shall:

(iii) be sent to:

(ii) identify the real property; and

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(i) indicate that the municipality intends to acquire real property;

119	(A) each county in whose unincorporated area and each municipality in whose
120	boundaries the property is located; and
121	(B) each affected entity.
122	(c) A notice under this Subsection (5) is a protected record as provided in Subsection
123	63-2-304(7).
124	(d) (i) The notice requirement of Subsection (5)(a) does not apply if the municipality
125	previously provided notice under Section 10-9-301.5 identifying the general location within the
126	municipality or unincorporated part of the county where the property to be acquired is located.
127	(ii) If a municipality is not required to comply with the notice requirement of
128	Subsection (5)(a) because of application of Subsection (5)(d)(i), the municipality shall provide
129	the notice specified in Subsection (5)(a) as soon as practicable after its acquisition of the real
130	property.
131	(6) Each municipality that intends to acquire land or a structure by eminent domain
132	under Subsection (1)(a)(vi) shall, upon the first contact with the owner of the property sought
133	to be acquired, deliver to the owner a copy of a booklet or other materials provided by the
134	property rights ombudsman, created under Section 63-34-13, dealing with the property owner's
135	rights in an eminent domain proceeding.
136	Section 2. Section 11-13-204 is amended to read:
137	11-13-204. Powers and duties of interlocal entities Additional powers of energy
138	services interlocal entities Length of term of agreement and interlocal entity Notice to
139	State Tax Commission.
140	(1) (a) An interlocal entity:
141	(i) may:
142	(A) adopt, amend, and repeal rules, bylaws, policies, and procedures for the regulation
143	of its affairs and the conduct of its business;
144	(B) sue and be sued;
145	(C) have an official seal and alter that seal at will;
146	(D) make and execute contracts and other instruments necessary or convenient for the
147	performance of its duties and the exercise of its powers and functions;
148	(E) acquire real or personal property, or an undivided, fractional, or other interest in
149	real or personal property, necessary or convenient for the purposes contemplated in the

150	agreement creating the interlocal entity and sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of that property;
151	(F) subject to Subsection (1)(c), acquire by eminent domain, as provided in Title 78,
152	Chapter 34, Eminent Domain, land or structures located outside the interlocal entity's
153	boundaries:
154	[(F)] (G) directly or by contract with another:
155	(I) own and acquire facilities and improvements or an undivided, fractional, or other
156	interest in facilities and improvements;
157	(II) construct, operate, maintain, and repair facilities and improvements; and
158	(III) provide the services contemplated in the agreement creating the interlocal entity;
159	[(G)] (H) borrow money, incur indebtedness, and issue revenue bonds, notes, or other
160	obligations and secure their payment by an assignment, pledge, or other conveyance of all or
161	any part of the revenues and receipts from the facilities, improvements, or services that the
162	interlocal entity provides;
163	[(H)] (I) offer, issue, and sell warrants, options, or other rights related to the bonds,
164	notes, or other obligations issued by the interlocal entity; and
165	[(1)] (J) sell or contract for the sale of the services, output, product, or other benefits
166	provided by the interlocal entity to:
167	(I) public agencies inside or outside the state; and
168	(II) with respect to any excess services, output, product, or benefits, any person on
169	terms that the interlocal entity considers to be in the best interest of the public agencies that are
170	parties to the agreement creating the interlocal entity; and
171	(ii) may not levy, assess, or collect ad valorem property taxes.
172	(b) An assignment, pledge, or other conveyance under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(G) may, to
173	the extent provided by the documents under which the assignment, pledge, or other conveyance
174	is made, rank prior in right to any other obligation except taxes or payments in lieu of taxes
175	payable to the state or its political subdivisions.
176	(c) Each interlocal entity that intends to acquire land or a structure by eminent domain
177	under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(F) shall, upon the first contact with the owner of the property sought
178	to be acquired, deliver to the owner a copy of a booklet or other materials provided by the
179	property rights ombudsman, created under Section 63-34-13, dealing with the property owner's
180	rights in an eminent domain proceeding

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182	interlocal entity may claim to have under the law to acquire by eminent domain property
183	located inside or outside the boundaries of the interlocal entity.
184	(2) An energy services interlocal entity:
185	(a) except with respect to any ownership interest it has in facilities providing additional
186	project capacity, is not subject to:
187	(i) Part 3, Project Entity Provisions; or
188	(ii) Title 59, Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain Corporations Not Required to
189	Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act; and
190	(b) may:
191	(i) own, acquire, and, by itself or by contract with another, construct, operate, and
192	maintain a facility or improvement for the generation, transmission, and transportation of
193	electric energy or related fuel supplies;
194	(ii) enter into a contract to obtain a supply of electric power and energy and ancillary
195	services, transmission, and transportation services, and supplies of natural gas and fuels
196	necessary for the operation of generation facilities;
197	(iii) enter into a contract with public agencies, investor-owned or cooperative utilities,
198	and others, whether located in or out of the state, for the sale of wholesale services provided by
199	the energy services interlocal entity; and
200	(iv) adopt and implement risk management policies and strategies and enter into
201	transactions and agreements to manage the risks associated with the purchase and sale of
202	energy, including forward purchase and sale contracts, hedging, tolling and swap agreements,
203	and other instruments.
204	(3) Notwithstanding Section 11-13-216, an agreement creating an interlocal entity or
205	an amendment to that agreement may provide that the agreement may continue and the
206	interlocal entity may remain in existence until the latest to occur of:
207	(a) 50 years after the date of the agreement or amendment;
208	(b) five years after the interlocal entity has fully paid or otherwise discharged all of its
209	indebtedness;
210	(c) five years after the interlocal entity has abandoned, decommissioned, or conveyed
211	or transferred all of its interest in its facilities and improvements; or

(d) Subsection (1)(a)(i)(F) may not be construed to diminish any other authority an

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Committee.

212	(d) five years after the facilities and improvements of the interlocal entity are no longer
213	useful in providing the service, output, product, or other benefit of the facilities and
214	improvements, as determined under the agreement governing the sale of the service, output,
215	product, or other benefit.
216	(4) (a) The governing body of each interlocal entity created under Section 11-13-203
217	on or after May 4, 1998, shall, within 30 days of the creation, file a written notice of the
218	creation with the State Tax Commission.
219	(b) Each written notice required under Subsection (4)(a) shall:
220	(i) be accompanied by:
221	(A) a copy of the agreement creating the interlocal entity; and
222	(B) if less than all of the territory of any Utah public agency that is a party to the
223	agreement is included within the interlocal entity, a plat that delineates a metes and bounds
224	description of the area affected or a map of the area affected and evidence that the information
225	has been recorded by the recorder of the county in which the Utah public agency is located; and
226	(ii) contain a certification by the governing body that all necessary legal requirements
227	relating to the creation have been completed.
228	(5) Nothing in this section shall be construed as expanding the rights of any
229	municipality or interlocal entity to sell or provide retail service.
230	Section 3. Legislative intent.
231	It is the intent of the Legislature that the Water Issues Task Force study the issue of a
232	governmental entity's acquisition by eminent domain of water rights outside the entity's
233	boundaries and provide a recommendation or make a report to the Natural Resources,
234	Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee and the Political Subdivisions Interim